

MANLEY
LABORATORIES, INC.

OWNER'S MANUAL

CHINOOK
MOVING COIL & MOVING MAGNET
PHONOGRAPH PREAMPLIFIER

Designed & Handcrafted in the USA

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INTRODUCTION

THANK YOU!...

...for choosing The MANLEY CHINOOK phono stage. Please read this manual carefully as it contains information which is essential to the proper operation and maximum enjoyment of this fabulous instrument.

With the current resurgence of vinyl playback, MANLEY LABS could see the need for a new design. By utilizing the same advanced technology as used in our critically-acclaimed flagship STEELHEAD preamplifier, a new product was developed: the CHINOOK. State-of-the art performance now available at a fraction of the cost.

Everything from the most exotic 180 gram audiophile pressing, to a 25 cent thrift-store classic will be reproduced accurately and musically.

As we say here at MANLEY LABS: Chino.....OK!

Unpack your Chinook Phono Preamplifier carefully and make sure that all supplied accessories are present.

Examine all items for any possibility of shipping damage. All four tubes should be standing to attention in their sockets. If the unit is damaged or fails to operate, notify the dealer who supplied the unit, contact the shipper if the packing box shows excessive damage and finally contact us if you think we can of service.

Your CHINOOK was packed with extreme love and care. Each box includes the following components and accessories:

1 x 6 foot Mains Cable IEC 3 to 3 pin connector suitable for your country
(that you will probably replace with an expensive audiophile cord anyway.)

1 x Owners Manual (that we hope you will keep reading.)

It is wise to retain the shipping materials for future use, as they are custom-formed for the preamplifier and will greatly minimize the chance of shipping-related damage should you ever need to put your precious Chinook in the careless hands of The Shipping People again.

INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS

- a) Avoid locating the preamp where it will be exposed to direct sunlight, excessive humidity, dust or moisture. Extreme environments may temporarily or permanently degrade preamp performance.
- b) Keep the preamp housing away from sources of strong magnetic field radiation, such as large video display CRTs, large power lines or power/audio transformers in nearby equipment. Keep in mind that the tiniest disturbance to sensitive signal cables will be amplified many hundreds or thousands of times.
- c) Locate the preamp away from heat-radiating sources, such as other large amps, or space-heating equipment.
- d) Make sure the preamp and power supply is switched off before making any system connections.
- e) Dissipate any static electric charge build-up on your body by touching the enclosure before making or changing any system connections. The preamp electronics are fairly robust as far as immunity to damage from static charge is concerned, but total immunity cannot be had without unacceptable compromise of audio performance.

Be careful to feed only low-level phono cartridge signals to the preamp input connectors. Sustained line-level signals above 15 volts peak may cause damage to sensitive MC input stages even when the preamp is in the standby mode or when the power is off.

AC VOLTAGE SELECTION

Before powering your Chinook check that the Voltage corresponds to your local supply. This is labeled on the serial badge. i.e if your supply is 120V the serial badge must state 120V AC. If the marked voltage does not correspond do not power the unit and consult your dealer immediately.

The Chinook can be factory ordered in a 100V, 120V or 240V configuration. Consult your dealer if you need to change the operating voltage, as this is not a user-modifiable feature.

Voltage conversion must be done by a qualified technician who can resolder the power transformer primaries according to the call-out on the PCB located in the PSU area.

Fuse values must also be changed to corresponding values when changing the mains operating voltage.

Contact the Manley Service Department for assistance by filling out the SERVICE form on the Manley website: www.manley.com/service

FEATURES & APPLICATIONS

1. STANDBY POWER SWITCHING

The front-panel power switch toggles the CHINOOK between a normal operating state and a near zero-power sleep mode. No operating voltages are present when in sleep mode, except for some keep-alive control logic, energized by a separate small mains transformer in the power supply.

2. LOW / HIGH GAIN SWITCHING

The LOW / HIGH GAIN switches are located inside the unit (see Page 10). By changing the internal DIP switch settings, the gain may be changed from 45dB to 60dB. Typically the 45dB setting is for moving-magnet cartridge and the 60dB setting for moving-coil. Your CHINOOK comes factory set for 45dB gain.

Before changing the internal gain, remove the mains plug from the unit. If the CHINOOK has been recently used, wait at least 15 minutes for the internal capacitors to discharge before removing the cover. Do not touch any parts on the board with your hands. Use a small flat screwdriver to change the DIP switch settings. Each channel has a pair of switches in parallel for redundancy of contact area and assurance of contact integrity. Each pair of DIP switch settings must be set for the SAME setting, and of course, both channels must be set for the same GAIN selection. So remember, all GAIN switches need to be set towards the EDGE of the unit for 60dB of GAIN, or all DIP switches need to be set towards the MIDDLE of the unit for the 45dB GAIN setting.

3. SELECTABLE CARTRIDGE LOAD IMPEDANCE AND CAPACITANCE

Your CHINOOK is equipped with a flexible set of cartridge loading options. It is shipped with the internal gain set to 45dB and 47kOhm / 50pF loads. This is a good starting point for the majority of users. If you have a moving-coil cartridge, follow the instructions for changing the gain in section 2 (above). See Fig. 2 on Page 5 for 32 possible loading choices.

4. SETTING THE LOADING SWITCHES

Typical phono interconnect cables will exhibit self-capacitance on the order of about 20-30 pF per foot. If the interconnect cable is 3 feet (~ 1 meter) in length, you may expect about 60-90 pF of input capacitance to be present due to the interconnect cable alone.

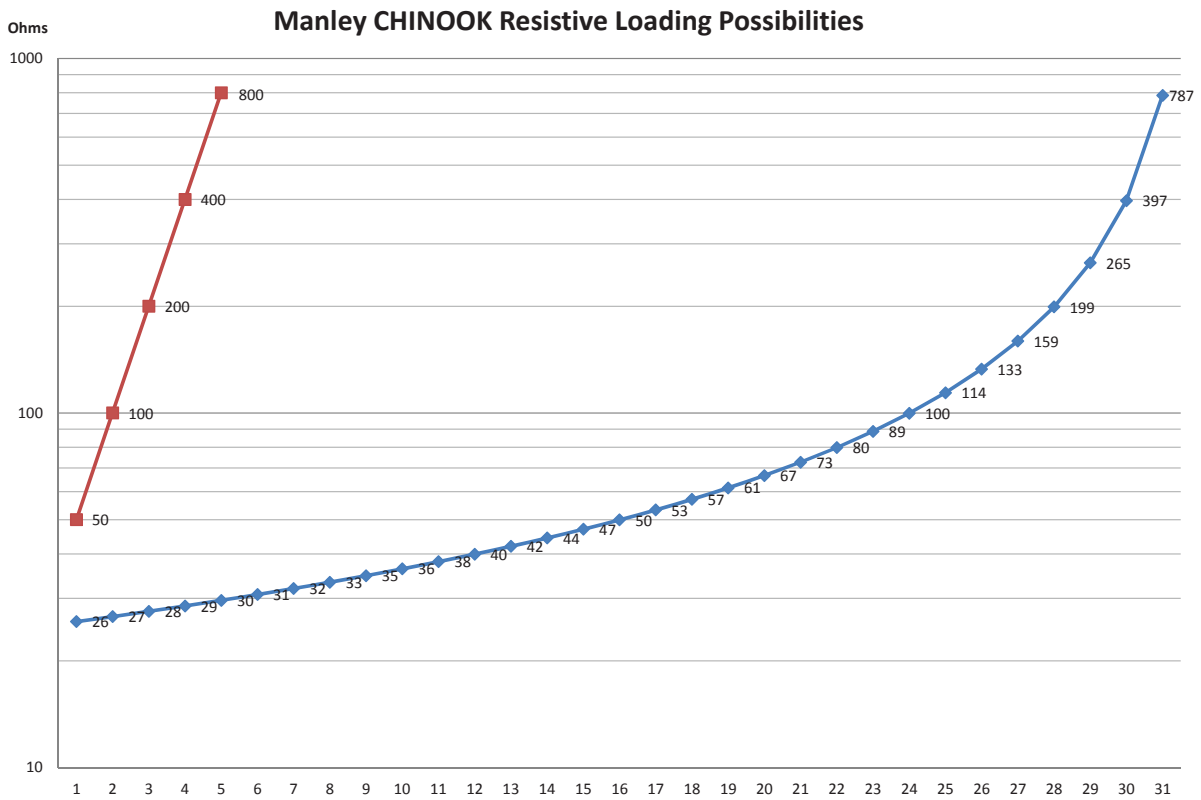
See Below Fig.1; An example of the rear panel showing the location of the loading dip switches.



Fig.1 - Rear Panel Layout

Fig.2

R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	RESULTANT
50	100	200	400	800	LOAD
ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	26 Ω
ON	ON	ON	ON	X	27 Ω
ON	ON	ON	X	ON	28 Ω
ON	ON	ON	X	X	29 Ω
ON	ON	X	ON	ON	30 Ω
ON	ON	X	ON	X	31 Ω
ON	ON	X	X	ON	32 Ω
ON	ON	X	X	X	33 Ω
ON	X	ON	ON	ON	35 Ω
ON	X	ON	ON	X	36 Ω
ON	X	ON	X	ON	38 Ω
ON	X	ON	X	X	40 Ω
ON	X	X	ON	ON	42 Ω
ON	X	X	ON	X	44 Ω
ON	X	X	X	ON	47 Ω
ON	X	X	X	X	50 Ω
X	ON	ON	ON	ON	53 Ω
X	ON	ON	ON	X	57 Ω
X	ON	ON	X	ON	61 Ω
X	ON	ON	X	X	67 Ω
X	ON	X	ON	ON	73 Ω
X	ON	X	ON	X	80 Ω
X	ON	X	X	ON	89 Ω
X	ON	X	X	X	100 Ω
X	X	ON	ON	ON	114 Ω
X	X	ON	ON	X	133 Ω
X	X	ON	X	ON	159 Ω
X	X	ON	X	X	199 Ω
X	X	X	ON	ON	265 Ω
X	X	X	ON	X	397 Ω
X	X	X	X	ON	787 Ω
X	X	X	X	X	47000 Ω



If the cartridge manufacturer specifies a load capacitance of 150 pF then it is best to subtract the cable's portion, i.e. 90 pF. This yields a balance of 60 pF. Thus, the audition should start with the termination capacitance switches set to 50 pF.

Each cartridge manufacturer's product will work best in a laboratory sense when terminated (loaded) with a certain amount of resistance and capacitance. A good place to start is with those values recommended by the cartridge manufacturer, less the interconnect cable capacitance. A good default value, if the recommended cartridge load capacitance is unknown, is 150 pF, the sum of cable and termination capacitance switch settings. This value reflects a de-facto standard as used by pre-amp manufacturers past and present. From there, we encourage you to try a range of switch settings until you find those values which best suit you and your accompanying components.

Also notice that the audible affects of varying the termination capacitance can differ substantially between cartridge types and brands. This is to be expected due to the greatly varying source impedance characteristics of the cartridges available today. In general, you may expect the termination capacitance value to alter, at one extreme, subtle imaging and spatial cues, and at the other high-frequency content, forwardness and speed of the reproduced sound. As with the resistance load switch, feel free to tune the termination capacitance switches for maximum sonic satisfaction even though the final setting differs from the cartridge manufacturer's specifications - and yes! You can switch them while the unit is on.

5. HIGH PERFORMANCE FRONT END

Your CHINOOK preamplifier makes the best use of passive component selection and active circuit developments generated over the past half-century. The hybrid cascode gain blocks simultaneously deliver wide-band high-gain, low noise and low distortion performance without overly complex circuitry.

The multiplicative aspect of the cascode devices output (anode) impedance means that the most important characteristics of each gain stage are preserved even though the local negative feedback used in each block is quite small. This approach makes the amplification factor of each stage insensitive to tube gain variations due to device production tolerance allowances or aging. In addition, a precision servo network automatically biases the input stage to correct for device differences and component tolerances.

Other design elements include high quiescent operating currents in each gain stage. This lowers the static and dynamic impedances found within each stage while raising the system bandwidth. This is done to insure maximum headroom is available for the most dynamic musical performances as well as high-level pressings.

6. ACCURATE "4-CORNER" RIAA EQUALIZATION

In the spirit of high fidelity, all four RIAA phono equalization corner frequencies or time constants have been specifically addressed in the CHINOOK preamplifier. Historically, most designs have concentrated on the "big three" time constants of 3180, 318 and 75 microseconds. This ignores the fourth corner of about 3.2 us, which when ignored, causes most phono stages to continue rolling off the highest octave signals coming from the phono pickup, rather than turning the final "corner" and shelving to flat response at about 50 kHz.

As with all equalizing amplifiers intended to correct a frequency-selective emphasis curve, attention must be given when building the inverse compensation networks. Care must be exercised if the goal is to produce a highly accurate passive network coupled to low-feedback amplifiers. Experience has shown that the effort spent in faithfully adhering to the inverse RIAA equalization curve produces results that easily justify the additional procurement and manufacturing costs. To this end, only hand-selected and/or 1% tolerance components are used throughout the RIAA equalization network. This yields impeccable inter-channel phase and gain matching.

In short, the CHINOOK will magnify the differences in the character and personality of your vinyl recording collection, cartridge, tonearm and turntable. A microscope for the ear! Be prepared to hear previously undiscovered musical content as you play back your favorites!

OPERATIONAL NOTES

REPLACING A TUBE

Yes there are user-servicable parts inside! But, as with other vacuum tube based products, there is also high voltage present. Therefore caution must be used when covers are removed as there could be a shock hazard. With all mains-powered gear make sure the power switch is off and mains cords are unplugged. If the preamp has been powered up within the last 15 minutes stop and let the large internal capacitors finish discharging.

You will need a #1 Philips screwdriver to remove the cover. Use one hand only when reaching into the enclosure or touching any components inside. Keep the other hand away from the preamp, preferably in your pocket.

Increased noise level, whether gradual or abrupt, can generally be attributed to aging tubes. Gradual noise increase from weakened tube cathode emission is the chief symptom of an aging tube, which may be accompanied by exaggerated distortion or loss of headroom. The noise may be a variation in the level of hiss, or the noise may develop a more granular "large-curd" quality. Should these symptoms appear, unplug the tubes in the offending channel and replace with new devices of known-good quality. If the front-end tube is being replaced in one channel, it is wise to replace the same tube in the alternate channel, preferably with matching manufacturer and date code if possible.

Let the preamp tube(s) cool down, if necessary, before handling. Tube heater filaments are somewhat more susceptible to damage when warm or hot.

Each tube should require only moderate force for removal and replacement. Gently rock the tube back and forth a bit during removal or replacement. Avoid bending the circuit board. Be careful to straighten any bent tube pins prior to installation; pin misalignment will make fitting the replacement tube difficult or impossible, and may damage the socket. Notice that each channel's tube heaters are connected in series, so if one tube goes out in that channel, both of the tubes in that channel will go dark. If one tube is not installed, the other tube will not light. This is akin to those old series connected xmas tree lights. So if you are trying to figure out which tube is not working, swap one tube at a time to the other channel until the other channel dies and sound is restored to the "bad" channel and then you will know which tube has burned out. Swap input tubes first, and see if the problem moves. Then swap the output tubes and see if one of those is the bad guy. When troubleshooting by substitution, remember to always only change one thing at a time!

Never substitute other type numbers of 9-pin tubes without careful research. There are literally thousands of types that share the 9-pin mechanical basing arrangement, but NOT the internal electrical connections! Mechanically compatible tube plugs and sockets by no means indicate electrical compatibility! And random experimenting can easily and quickly destroy the substitute tube and other parts of your preamp!

Three tube types that are electrically and plug-socket compatible with the 6922 dual triode are the 7308, 6DJ8 and the ECC88 / E88CC.

Please refer to page 9 for tube locations.

Please direct any questions to your dealer or MANLEY LABS for further assistance: www.manley.com/service



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Q: Hey! I get a loud POP or BANG noise through my audio system! It is random. What's wrong with my phono stage making this noise?

A: It's not the phono stage making any noises. We have seen this over and over when static on the acrylic turntable platter builds up and has nowhere to go except through the cartridge and through the CHINOOK into the rest of your hifi system eventually getting amplified by everything until you hear it through your speakers. This is not a problem with the Chinook. It is just amplifying what is being sent to it. It is just doing its job.

You have got to get a ground to the platter somehow so that your Van de Graaf generator has a place to discharge to besides through your audio system. See if you can get a ground wire to the center spindle housing, maybe under the spindle bearing of your turntable. Contact your turntable manufacturer asking them how to get the static that builds up on the platter to dissipate through a ground wire instead of through your cartridge/audio path! Note: we have seen this happen more often with the Hana SL cartridges than any other brand perhaps due to the Hana's ABS plastic body that also allows the static to build up on it and not dissipate through any ground path. Or it might be because it is very popular.

Another idea is to purchase the AcousTech Big Record Brush with Grounding Cord, ground the brush with the ground wire, and run it over your record and turntable to remove static before you play each record, especially in dry climates and low humidity winters.

Q: I want to use another external step-up transformer. Can I run it into my CHINOOK with the load set for 47 kOhms?

A: Sure thing! You can totally run an external MC step up transformer and run that into the CHINOOK input and set the load for 47 kOhms and set the GAIN to probably the lower setting.

Q: My unit inside looks different from the picture. Which ones are the input tubes?

A: Later models have the main audio PCB rotated 90° CCW so that the input tubes are located on the left side of the unit, not towards the back. This keeps both input tubes more equidistant and furthest away from the power transformer for slightly improved noise level. The 6922 input tubes are nearest to the GAIN select switches. You can follow the wiring from the INPUT RCA jacks to the INPUT tubes. The output tubes are closest to the big giant white output capacitors and you can follow the OUTPUT cabling from those capacitors to the OUTPUT RCA jacks.

Mains fuse
Keep alive fuse

RIGHT CHANNEL

LEFT CHANNEL

6922
OUTPUT
TUBE

6922
INPUT
TUBE

6922
OUTPUT
TUBE

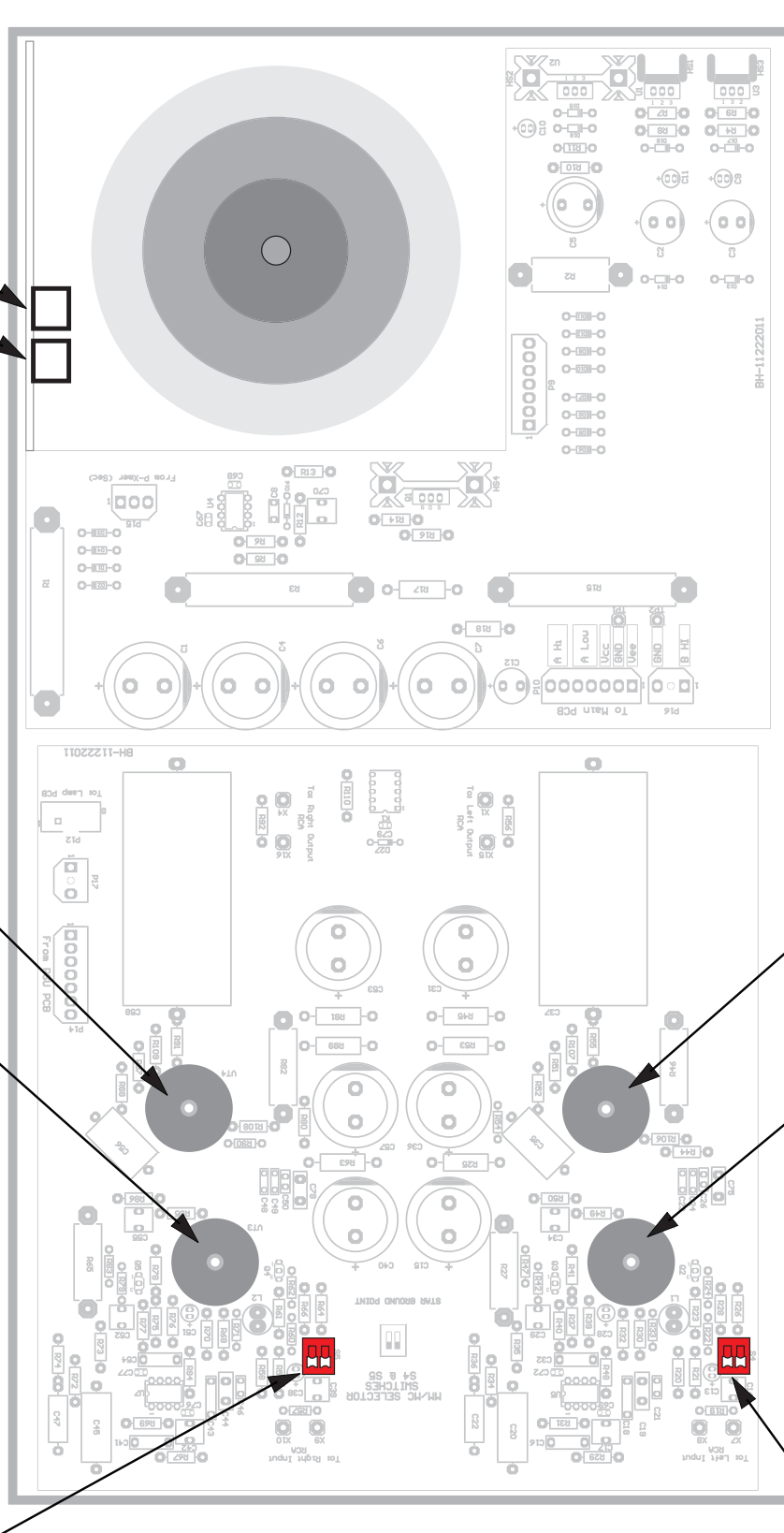
6922
INPUT
TUBE

HIGH GAIN ↓

↑ LOW GAIN

HIGH GAIN ↓

↑ LOW GAIN



TROUBLESHOOTING

The CHINOOK's system architecture is designed with a variety of features so as to allow flexibility in accommodating as many cartridges and as much downstream gear as possible. Access to these capabilities rest on the assumption that all CHINOOK systems are functioning properly. If trouble is encountered, please review the following short list of symptoms and corrective remedies before contacting your dealer or Manley Laboratories service.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Corrective Action
No lights, power	Bad mains fuse Bad or unplugged power cable AC outlet not energized	Replace fuse. Check outlets.
Lights on, no output after turn on delay	Open 6922 filament	Check for glowing 6922 Filament
Hum heard when connected	Turntable / tonearm ground wire turntable / tonearm to Chinook Input	Attach ground wire from chassis ground terminal on rear of CHINOOK
	Turntable cartridge close to hum fields	Keep unit away from power transformers, motors, etc.
	Ground loop between CHINOOK and turntable	Break ground connection of one or two of the three system elements. Experimentation may be necessary. Never operate any equipment with an AC "ground lifter."

Remarks on hum pick-up: Please be aware that the CHINOOK can develop voltage amplification factors as high as 1,000 times, or 60 dB at the 50-60 Hz power line "hum" frequencies. It is of the utmost importance that cables handling the tiny signals from the phono cartridges be of high quality, with good screening and connection properties, if the single-ended signal is to have any chance of being received by the preamp reasonably free from hum and noise intrusions. This is especially true for moving coil pickups. Please use the shortest practical interconnects and carefully route these away from all possible electrical or magnetic hum or interference sources.

MAINS CONNECTIONS

Your CHINOOK has been factory set to the correct mains voltage for your country. The voltage setting is marked on the serial badge, located on the rear panel. Check that this complies with your local supply.

Export units for certain markets have a molded mains plug fitted to comply with local requirements. If your unit does not have a plug fitted the colored wires should be connected to the appropriate plug terminals in accordance with the following code:

GREEN/YELLOW - EARTH
BLUE - NEUTRAL
BROWN - LIVE

As the colors of the wires in the mains lead may not correspond with the colored marking identifying the terminals in your plug proceed as follows:

The wire which is colored GREEN/YELLOW must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked by the letter E or by the safety earth symbol or colored GREEN or GREEN and YELLOW.

The wire which is colored BLUE must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked by the letter N or colored BLACK.

The wire which is colored BROWN must be connected to the terminal in the plug which is marked by the letter L or colored RED.

DO NOT CONNECT/SWITCH ON THE MAINS SUPPLY UNTIL ALL OTHER CONNECTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE.

Note: 120 to 240VAC operation changeable with power transformer rewiring and fuse value change. 100VAC operation changeover achieved via rewiring of power transformer PCB.

Mains fuse value for 100-120V operation: 0.8A/800mA SLO-BLO 5 x 20mm

Mains fuse value for 220-240V operation: 0.4A/400mA SLO-BLO 5 x 20 mm

“Keep alive” transformer fuse for all voltage operations: 10mA MDL or MDA SLO-BLO fuse 1 x 1 1/4”

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)
Information for customers:

The European Parliament and the Council of the European Union have issued the Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive. The purpose of the Directive is the prevention of waste of electrical and electronic equipment, and to promote the reuse and recycling and other forms of recovery of such waste. As such the Directive concerns producers, distributors and consumers.

The WEEE directive requires that both manufacturers and end-consumers dispose of electrical and electronic equipment and parts in an environmentally safe manner, and that equipment and waste are reused or recovered for their materials or energy. Electrical and electronic equipment and parts must not be disposed of with normal household wastage; all electrical and electronic equipment and parts must be collected and disposed of separately.

Products and equipment which must be collected for reuse, recycling and other forms of recovery are marked with the following pictogram:



Small products may not always be marked with this pictogram in which case this is present in the instructions for use, on the guarantee certificate and printed on the packaging.

When disposing of electrical and electronic equipment by use of the collection systems available in your country, you protect the environment, human health and contribute to the prudent and rational use of natural resources. Collecting electrical and electronic equipment and waste prevents the potential contamination of nature with the hazardous substances which may be present in electrical and electronic products and equipment.

Your MANLEY retailer will assist with and advise you of the correct way of disposal in your country.

SPECIFICATIONS

- Vacuum Tube Complement: 6922 x 2 (gain stage) plus 6922 x2 (output stage).
Any 6DJ8, 7308, ECC88 types may be used.
- Unbalanced Input and Output connections via Manley Teflon® & gold plated RCA jacks
- Automatic Mute Timer: On initial power up output jacks are muted for approximately 45 seconds.
- Automatic mute circuit allows tubes to warm up and circuitry to settle.
- At power down, output jacks are immediately muted.
- Input Termination Capacitance (MM/MC): 3-position user-selectable capacitor values of 50pF, 100pF, and 200pF. Yield resultant combinations of: 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, & 350pF
- Moving Magnet (MM) Input Impedance: 47k Ohms, fixed
- Moving Coil (MC) Input Impedance: 5-position user-selectable values of 50, 100, 200, 400, 800 Ohms. which yield 32 possible loading possibilities. See chart Fig. 2 on page 5.
- Gain: Internal DIP switches select 45dB or 60dB
- Deviation from RIAA curve: Less than ± 0.5 dB from 20Hz to 20kHz at any gain setting. Typically less than ± 1 dB from 10Hz to 100kHz.
- Distortion (THD+N) (47k Ohm Input Termination, 45dB gain, 1kHz sine, 0dBu output):
THD+N, into 100k Ohm load, BW = 100Hz-22kHz Typical 0.010%
THD+N, into 600 Ohm load, BW = 100Hz-22kHz Typical 0.030%
- Dynamic Range: 91dB @ 1kHz, 0.1% THD+N, BW = 22Hz-22kHz
 107dB @ 1kHz, 1.0% THD+N, BW = 22Hz-22kHz
- Noise Floor at 45dB gain setting: -84dBu, A-weighted
- Noise Floor at 60dB gain setting: -75 dBu, A-weighted
- Output Impedance: 50 Ohms
- Internal Power Supply: Fully regulated linear B+, Heater, and control voltage rails.
- Operating Mains Voltage: Units are built for original destination country's mains voltage:
100V, 120V, or 220-240VAC as indicated on the serial number badge.
- Power Consumption: 42 watts (345mA @ 120VAC)
- Mains Voltage Frequency: 50 ~ 60Hz
- Power Transformer: Toroid construction for low radiation
- Badge Lamp: LED illumination
- Dimensions: W=19", L=11", H=3 1/2"
- Shipping Weight: 15 Lbs.